We Claim:

1 1. A solid pharmaceutical dosage form for oral administration, the dosage form

- 2 comprising:
- 3 an extended release layer comprising a biguanide; and
- 4 an immediate release layer comprising a glitazone.
- 1 2. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the biguanide comprises one or more of
- 2 metformin, phenformin, and buformin.
- 1 3. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the biguanide is metformin.
- 1 4. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the glitazone comprises one or more of
- 2 pioglitazone, rosiglitazone, troglitazone, ciglitazone and englitazone.
- 1 5. The dosage form of clam 4, wherein the glitazone is pioglitazone.
- 1 6. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein after oral administration the biguanide is
- 2 released over a period of about 4 to about 36 hours.
- 1 7. The dosage form of claim 6, wherein the biguanide is released over a period of
- 2 about 8 to about 24 hours.
- 1 8. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the dosage form comprises tablets or
- 2 capsules.
- 1 9. The dosage form of claim 8, wherein the tablet includes a coating.
- 1 10. The dosage form of claim 8, wherein the capsules include one or more of pellets,
- 2 beads, granules, multiparticulates, tablets and powder.
- 1 11. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the extended release layer comprises a
- 2 matrix.
- 1 12. The dosage form of claim 11, wherein the matrix comprises a uniform mixture of
- 2 the biguanide and one or more rate controlling polymers.

| 1 | 13. | The dosage form of claim 12, wherein the one or more rate-controlling polymers |
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| 2 | | comprises hydrophilic polymers, hydrophobic polymers, or a combination |

- 3 thereof.
- 1 14. The dosage form of claim 11, wherein the matrix further comprises one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.
- 1 15. The dosage form of claim 14, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients 2 comprise one or more of diluents, lubricants, disintegrants, binders, glidants, 3 coloring and flavoring agents.
- 1 16. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the biguanide is layered onto a pharmaceutically inert core or seed.
- 1 17. The dosage form of claim 16, wherein the inert core or seed is hydrosoluble or hydroinsoluble.
- 1 18. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the immediate release outer layer further
 2 comprises film-forming polymers and optionally other pharmaceutically
 3 acceptable excipients.
- 1 19. The dosage form of claim 18, wherein the film-forming polymers are water—soluble polymers.
- 1 20. The dosage form of claim 18, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients comprises one or more of plasticizers, opacifiers and colorants.
- The dosage form of claim 1, further comprising one or more of sulfonylurea, insulin, alpha-glucosidase inhibitors, meglitinides, fibrates, statins, squalene synthesis inhibitors and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors.
- The dosage form of claim 1, further comprising a wetting agent in the immediate release layer, wherein the immediate release layer comprises the glitazone and the wetting agent in a weight ratio ranging from about 10:1 to about 1:25.

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The dosage form of claim 22, wherein the wetting agent is selected from amongst 1 23. 2 hydrophilic and hydrophobic surfactants.

- The dosage form of claim 23, wherein the hydrophilic surfactants are selected 1 24. from one or more of non-ionic surfactants, ionic surfactants or mixtures thereof. 2
- The dosage form of claim 23, wherein the hydrophobic surfactants are selected 1 25. from one or more of alcohols; polyoxyethylene alkylethers; fatty acids; glycerol 2 fatty acid monoesters; glycerol fatty acid diesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid 3 monoesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid diesters, lower alcohol fatty acid esters; 4 polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid 5 esters; polypropylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; lactic 6 acid derivatives of monoglycerides; lactic acid derivatives of diglycerides; 7 propylene glycol diglycerides; sorbitan fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan 8 fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers, 9 polyethyleneglycols as esters or ethers, polyethoxylated castor oil; 10 polyethoxylated hydrogenated castor oil, polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor 11 oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from 12 13 hydrogenated castor oil.
- The dosage form of claim 24, wherein the non-ionic surfactants are selected from 1 26. 2 one or more of alkylglucosides; alkylmaltosides; alkylthioglucosides; lauryl 3 macrogolglycerides; caprylocaproyl macrogolglycerides, polyoxyethylene alkyl ethers; polyoxyethylene alkylphenols; polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers; polyglycerol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; polyoxyethylene sterols, derivatives, and analogues thereof; polyoxyethylene vegetable oils; polyoxyethylene hydrogenated vegetable oils; reaction products of polyols and at least one member of the group consisting of fatty acids, glycerides, vegetable oils, hydrogenated vegetable oils, and sterols; sugar esters, sugar ethers; sucroglycerides; and mixtures thereof.

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| 1 | 27. | The dosage form of claim 24, wherein the ionic surfactants are selected from one |
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| 2 | | or more of alkyl ammonium salts; bile acids and salts, analogues, and derivatives |
| 3 | | thereof; fatty acid derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; |
| 4 | | glyceride derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; acyl |
| 5 | | lactylates; monoacetylated tartaric acid esters of monoglycerides, monoacetylated |
| 6 | | tartaric acid esters of diglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of |
| 7 | | monoglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of diglycerides; succinylated |
| 8 | | monoglycerides; citric acid esters of monoglycerides; citric acid esters of |
| 9 | | diglycerides; alginate salts; propylene glycol alginate; lecithins and hydrogenated |
| 10 | | lecithins; lysolecithin and hydrogenated lysolecithins; lysophospholipids and |
| 11 | | derivatives thereof; phospholipids and derivatives thereof; salts of alkylsulfates; |
| 12 | | salts of fatty acids; sodium docusate; and mixtures thereof. |
| 1 | 28. | The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the extended release layer comprises a core |

- and the immediate release layer covers at least a portion of the core.
- 1 29. The dosage form of claim 1, wherein the dosage form comprises a bilayered dosage form.
- 1 30. A process for preparing a solid, orally administered pharmaceutical dosage form
 2 of an extended release core of a biguanide and an immediate release layer of a
 3 glitazone, the process comprising:
 - a. dispersing the biguanide in a solid matrix to form a core having a surface; and
- b. layering the immediate release layer of the glitazone on the surface of the
 core.

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- 1 31. The process of claim 30, wherein layering the immediate release layer further comprises layering one or more wetting agents.
- The process of claim 31, wherein the glitazone and the one or more wetting agents are present in the immediate release layer in a weight ratio ranging from about 10:1 to about 1:25.

1 33. The process of claim 31, wherein the one or more wetting agents are selected 2 from amongst hydrophilic or hydrophobic surfactants.

- 1 34. The process of claim 33, wherein the hydrophilic surfactants are selected from 2 one or more of non-ionic surfactants, ionic surfactants or mixtures thereof.
- The process of claim 33, wherein the hydrophobic surfactants are selected from 1 35. 2 one or more of alcohols; polyoxyethylene alkylethers; fatty acids; glycerol fatty acid monoesters; glycerol fatty acid diesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid 3 4 monoesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid diesters, lower alcohol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid 5 esters; polypropylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; lactic 6 acid derivatives of monoglycerides; lactic acid derivatives of diglycerides; 7 propylene glycol diglycerides; sorbitan fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan 8 fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers, 9 10 polyethyleneglycols as esters or ethers, polyethoxylated castor oil; polyethoxylated hydrogenated castor oil, polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor 11 oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from 12 13 hydrogenated castor oil.
- The process of claim 34, wherein the non-ionic surfactants are selected from one 1 36. or more of alkylglucosides; alkylmaltosides; alkylthioglucosides; lauryl . 2 macrogolglycerides; caprylocaproyl macrogolglycerides, polyoxyethylene alkyl 3 4 ethers; polyoxyethylene alkylphenols; polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid 5 6 esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers; polyglycerol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; polyoxyethylene sterols, derivatives, and analogues thereof; polyoxyethylene vegetable oils; polyoxyethylene hydrogenated vegetable oils; reaction products of polyols and at least one member of the group consisting of fatty acids, glycerides, vegetable oils, hydrogenated vegetable oils, and sterols; sugar esters, sugar ethers; sucroglycerides; and mixtures thereof.

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| 1 | 37. | The process of claim 34, wherein the ionic surfactants are selected from one or |
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| 2 | | more of alkyl ammonium salts; bile acids and salts, analogues, and derivatives |
| 3 | | thereof; fatty acid derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; |
| 4 | | glyceride derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; acyl |
| 5 | | lactylates; monoacetylated tartaric acid esters of monoglycerides, monoacetylated |
| 6 | | tartaric acid esters of diglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of |
| 7 | | monoglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of diglycerides; succinylated |
| 8 | | monoglycerides; citric acid esters of monoglycerides; citric acid esters of |
| 9 | | diglycerides; alginate salts; propylene glycol alginate; lecithins and hydrogenated |
| 10 | | lecithins; lysolecithin and hydrogenated lysolecithins; lysophospholipids and |
| 11 | | derivatives thereof; phospholipids and derivatives thereof; salts of alkylsulfates; |
| 12 | | salts of fatty acids; sodium docusate; and mixtures thereof. |
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- 1 38. The process of claim 30, wherein the biguanide is selected from one or more of metformin, phenformin and buformin.
- 1 39. The process of claim 30, wherein the biguanide comprises metformin.
- 1 40. The process of claim 30, wherein the glitazone is selected from one or more of pioglitazone, rosiglitazone, troglitazone, ciglitazone and englitazone.
- 1 41. The process of clam 30, wherein the glitazone comprises pioglitazone.
- 1 42. The process of claim 30, wherein after oral administration the biguanide is released over a period of about 4 to about 36 hours.
- The process of claim 42, wherein the biguanide is released over a period of about 8 to about 24 hours.
- 1 44. The process of claim 30, further comprising forming a tablet or a capsule.
- 1 45. The process of claim 44, further comprising coating the tablet.
- 1 46. The process of claim 44, wherein the capsule contains one or more of pellets, beads, granules, multiparticulates, tablets and powder.

| 1 | 47. | The process of claim 48 wherein the core comprises a matrix. |
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- 1 48. The process of claim 30, wherein the matrix comprises a uniform mixture of the
- 2 biguanide and one or more rate controlling polymers.
- 1 49. The process of claim 48, wherein the one or more rate-controlling polymers may
- 2 be either or both of hydrophilic and hydrophobic.
- 1 50. The process of claim 30, wherein the matrix further comprises one or more
- 2 pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.
- 1 51. The process of claim 50, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients
- 2 comprise one or more of diluents, lubricants, disintegrants, binders, glidants,
- 3 colorants, and flavorants.
- 1 52. The process of claim 30, wherein the biguanide is layered onto pharmaceutically
- 2 inert core or seeds.
- 1 53. The process of claim 52, wherein the inert core or seeds are hydrosoluble or
- 2 hydroinsoluble. '
- 1 54. The process of claim 30, wherein the immediate release outer layer further
- 2 comprises film-forming polymers and optionally other pharmaceutically
- 3 acceptable excipients.
- 1 55. The process of claim 54, wherein the film-forming polymers comprise water-
- 2 soluble polymers.
- 1 56. The process of claim 54, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients
- 2 comprise one or more of plasticizers, opacifiers and colorants.
- 1 57. The process of claim 30, further comprising placing a seal-coat over the core,
- 2 wherein the seal-coat comprises hydrophilic polymers.
- 1 58. A process for preparing a bilayered, solid, orally administered pharmaceutical
- dosage form of a biguanide and a glitazone, the process comprising:

a. dispersing the biguanide in an extended release carrier base material;

- b. separately dispersing the glitazone in an immediate release carrier base material; and
- 6 c. compressing the material of step a and step b to form bilayered tablet.
- 1 59. The process of claim 58, wherein the immediate release carrier base material further comprises one or more wetting agents before or after dispersing the glitazone.
- 1 60. The process of claim 59, wherein the glitazone and the one or more wetting 2 agents are present in a weight ratio ranging from about 10:1 to about 1:25.
- 1 61. The process of claim 59, wherein the one or more wetting agents are selected from amongst hydrophilic or hydrophobic surfactants.
- 1 62. The process of claim 61, wherein the hydrophilic surfactants are selected from one or more of non-ionic surfactants, ionic surfactants or mixtures thereof.
- The process of claim 61, wherein the hydrophobic surfactants are selected from 1 63. one or more of alcohols; polyoxyethylene alkylethers; fatty acids; glycerol fatty 2 acid monoesters; glycerol fatty acid diesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid 3 monoesters; acetylated glycerol fatty acid diesters, lower alcohol fatty acid esters; 4 polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid 5 esters; polypropylene glycol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; lactic 6 acid derivatives of monoglycerides; lactic acid derivatives of diglycerides; 7 8 propylene glycol diglycerides; sorbitan fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan 9 fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers, polyethyleneglycols as esters or ethers, polyethoxylated castor oil; 10 polyethoxylated hydrogenated castor oil, polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor 11 oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from castor oil or polyethoxylated fatty acid from 12 13 hydrogenated castor oil.
- 1 64. The process of claim 62, wherein the non-ionic surfactants are selected from the one or more of alkylglucosides; alkylmaltosides; alkylthioglucosides; lauryl

macrogolglycerides; caprylocaproyl macrogolglycerides, polyoxyethylene alkyl 3 ethers; polyoxyethylene alkylphenols; polyethylene glycol fatty acid esters; 4 polyethylene glycol glycerol fatty acid esters; polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid 5 esters; polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymers; polyglycerol fatty 6 7 acid esters; polyoxyethylene glycerides; polyoxyethylene sterols, derivatives, and 8 analogues thereof; polyoxyethylene vegetable oils; polyoxyethylene hydrogenated vegetable oils; reaction products of polyols and at least one member of the group 9 consisting of fatty acids, glycerides, vegetable oils, hydrogenated vegetable oils, 10 and sterols; sugar esters, sugar ethers; sucroglycerides; and mixtures thereof. 11

- The process of claim 62, wherein the ionic surfactants are selected from one or 1 65. 2 more of alkyl ammonium salts; bile acids and salts, analogues, and derivatives thereof; fatty acid derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; 3 4 glyceride derivatives of amino acids, oligopeptides, and polypeptides; acyl 5 lactylates; monoacetylated tartaric acid esters of monoglycerides, monoacetylated 6 tartaric acid esters of diglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of 7 monoglycerides, diacetylated tartaric acid esters of diglycerides; succinylated monoglycerides; citric acid esters of monoglycerides; citric acid esters of 8 9 diglycerides; alginate salts; propylene glycol alginate; lecithins and hydrogenated lecithins; lysolecithin and hydrogenated lysolecithins; lysophospholipids and 10 11 derivatives thereof; phospholipids and derivatives thereof; salts of alkylsulfates; salts of fatty acids; sodium docusate; and mixtures thereof. 12
- 1 66. The process of claim 58, wherein the biguanide is selected from one or more of metformin, phenformin and buformin.
- 1 67. The process of claim 58, wherein the biguanide comprises metformin.
- 1 68. The process of claim 58, wherein the glitazone is selected from one or more of pioglitazone, rosiglitazone, troglitazone, ciglitazone and englitazone.
- 1 69. The process of clam 58, wherein the glitazone comprises pioglitazone.

The process of claim 58, wherein after oral administration the biguanide is 1 70.

- 2 released over a period of about 4 to about 36 hours.
- 1 The process of claim 70, wherein the biguanide is released over a period of about 71.
- 2 8 to about 24 hours.
- The process of claim 58, further comprising forming a tablet or a capsule. 1 72.
- 1 The process of claim 72, further comprising coating the tablet. 73.
- 1 The process of claim 72, wherein the capsule contains one or more of pellets, 74.
- 2 beads, granules, multiparticulates, tablets and powder.
- 1 75. The process of claim 58, wherein the biguanide layer comprises a matrix.
- 1 The process of claim 75, wherein the matrix comprises a uniform mixture of the 76.
- 2 biguanide and one or more rate controlling polymers.
- 1 The process of claim 76, wherein the one or more rate-controlling polymers may 77.
- 2 be either or both of hydrophilic and hydrophobic.
- 1 The process of claim 75, wherein the matrix further comprises one or more 78.
- 2 pharmaceutically acceptable excipients.
- 1 The process of claim 78, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients 79. 2
- comprise one or more of diluents, lubricants, disintegrants, binders, glidants,
- 3 colorants, and flavorants.
- 1 80. The process of claim 58, wherein the biguanide is layered onto pharmaceutically
- 2 inert core or seeds.
- 1 The process of claim 80, wherein the inert core or seeds are hydrosoluble or 81.
- 2 hydroinsoluble.

| | l 82. | process of old in Se, wherein the immediate release carrier base material |
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| 3 | | further comprises film-forming polymers and optionally other pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. |
| 1 2 | ٠ | The process of claim 82, wherein the film-forming polymers comprise water—soluble polymers. |
| 1 2 | 84. | The process of claim 82, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable excipients comprise one or more of plasticizers, opacifiers and colorants. |
| 1 2 | 85. | The process of claim 58, further comprising providing a seal-coat of one or more hydrophilic polymers between the two layers. |
| 1 2 3 4 5 | 86. | A method of treating non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus in a patient in need thereof, the method comprising administering a solid, pharmaceutical dosage form of the combination of a biguanide and a glitazone, wherein the dosage form provides an extended-release of the biguanide and an immediate release of the glitazone. |
| 1 2 | 87. | The method of claim 86, wherein the biguanide comprises one or more of metformin, phenformin, and buformin. |
| 1 | 88. | The method of claim 86, wherein the biguanide is metformin. |
| 1 2 | 89. | The method of claim 86, wherein the glitazone comprises one or more of pioglitazone, rosiglitazone, troglitazone, ciglitazone and englitazone. |
| 1 | 90. | The method of clam 86 wherein the glitazone is pioglitazone. |
| 1 2 | 91. | The method of claim 86, wherein after oral administration the biguanide is released over a period of about 4 to about 36 hours. |
| 1 2 | 92. | The method of claim 86, wherein the biguanide is released over a period of about |

The method of claim 86, wherein the dosage form comprises tablets or capsules.

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8 to about 24 hours.

The method of claim 86, wherein the dosage form further comprises one or more of sulfonylurea, insulin, alpha-glucosidase inhibitors, meglitinides, fibrates, statins, squalene synthesis inhibitors and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors.